

Integrating the ICF, family-centred care and community-based rehabilitation in rural South India: The Enabling Inclusion model and app

Enabling Inclusion

Community Rehab and Disability Management Solution

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Background

- ■Low and middle-income countries such as India are home to 95% of the world's children with disabilities (CWDs) under the age of five years, and 80% live in rural areas with no access to early intervention services.
- Barriers to inclusion of CWDs are stigma, lack of professional training, and limited services due to lack of funding.
- In 2014, Amar Seva Sangam (ASSA), a disability NGO working in Tamil Nadu, India initiated the development of an innovative solution to support the rights of CWDs and their families.
- ■To the end, a long-term Indo-Canadian partnership was established with a Canadian charity, Handi-Care Intl, the University of Toronto, and McGill University.

Objectives

The program aimed to develop and implement an innovative evidence-based service delivery model to provide early intervention services in a rural low-resource setting.

ASSA sought to create a **service model** incorporating elements of:

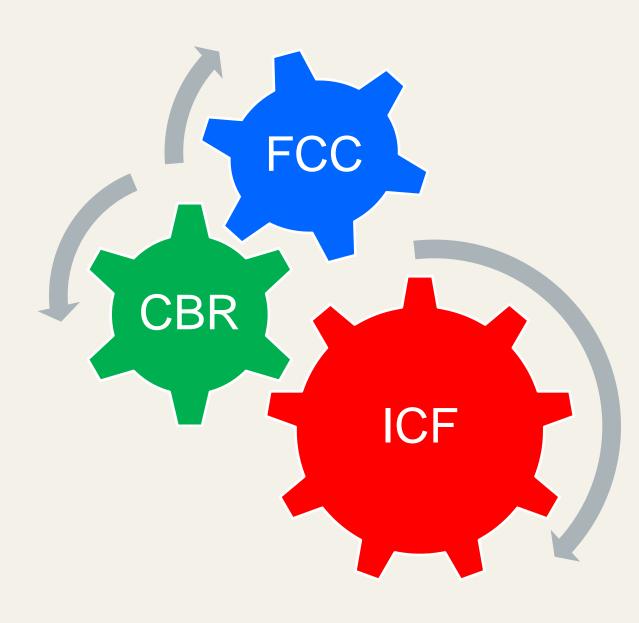
- ➤ the International Classification of Function, Disability and Health (ICF) framework
- > the Family-centred approach (FCA)
- > the Community based-rehabilitation (CBR) strategy.

El Program objectives included:

- -Provide access to EI services, primarily home-based
- -Improve child development
- -Support family engagement and well-being
- -Increase school enrollment
- -Position the EI model and app for scale-up

Methods

- •The Enabling Inclusion (EI) model was developed and implemented by Amar Seva Sangam, an NGO in rural South India, to provide access to community-based early intervention services for CWDs.
- •The El app has evolved as a global health digital solution, employing a Theory of Change and rapid cycle action,
- •The El model aimed to integrate the ICF conceptual framework, CBR strategy, and the FCA to best support the needs of CWDs and their families living in a LMIC setting.



• Digital technology was leveraged to improve connectivity between families, community rehabilitation workers (CRWs), and rehabilitation specialists to provide evidence-based services in a low-resource context.

Results

The Enabling Inclusion (EI) app, a comprehensive mobile application, was developed to support the EI Model.

The El model's integrated modules include: (1) Validated screening tools

- > TDSC (Trivandrum Development Screening Chart)
- ➤ UNICEF/Washington Group CFM (Child Functioning Module)

(2) Assessment module

- General Child and Family Assessment;
 ICF-based assessment covering:
- Body Structures and Function
- Activities
- Participation
- Environmental factors
- Personal Factors
- Discipline-specific assessments: physiotherapy, special education, speech, functional vision & hearing assessment
- Environmental Assessment: home and school environment, facilitators and barriers

(3) Standardized evaluations across developmental domains and ICF components;

- GMFM (Gross Motor Function measure)
- Wee-FIM (Pediatric Functional Independence Measure- Self-care, Mobility, Cognition)
- Com-DEALL (Communication Developmental Checklist)
- FACP (Functional Assessment Checklist for Programming)

(4) Family-centred goal setting tool and caregiver measures;

- COPM (Canadian Occupational Performance Measure)- family priority and goal identification
- > FES (Family Empowerment Scale)
- MCSI (Modified Caregiver Strain Index)
- CI (Caregiver-child interaction measure)

(5) ICF-based intervention activities

Treatment based on child and family needs and goals.

(6) Training and awareness module

- •Training for Child development / ICDS workers, Health Workers, teachers, parent groups.
- •Awareness programs for community, women and student groups.





- Individualized intervention plans aim to maximize child potential for function, participation, and social inclusion.
- Family empowerment is emphasized through caregiver capacity building (coaching approach), parent support groups, and peer mentorship.
- Using a train-the-trainer approach, rehabilitation specialists build CRWs' developmental knowledge and therapeutic skills.
- Community-based disability awareness groups educate, dispel stigma, change attitudes and practices to enable inclusion.



Conclusion

- The EI Model highlights the successful integration of family-centred ICF-based clinical service delivery with a CBR strategy to provide equitable home-based early intervention and rehabilitation for CWDs and families in rural India.
- The innovative EI model, with its globallyrecognized clinical digital application, is being scaled-up in the state of Tamil Nadu and adopted across India in partnership with other NGOs.
- It has potential to generate large scale impacts to clinical practice in childhood disability in lowresource settings.



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